

# Mohave County Miner.

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## General Mining News.

Col. Mike Nugent came in from the King of Arizona mine Saturday evening with a 40,000 gold brick for shipment, the result of the last thirty days' cleanup at the King.—Yuma Sentinel.

There are 1600 mining locations in this district, all of which are tributary to the town. Out of this vast number of locations several good paying mines are already uncovered, and the number is increasing each week. It does not require a very big head to realize that Wickenburg in a short time will be the leading mining town in Arizona.—Wickenburg Herald.

Frank P. Swindler, former superintendent of Capt. De La Mar's Nevada bonanza, departed for the Colorado river in his 'digger' boots last night, and will begin the systematic prospecting of that country's copper deposits. Mr. Swindler says he has received many very reliable reports on the region and that he will remain there for some time.—Tribune.

The Columbia group of mines, belonging to Messrs. Wm. Beard, of Florence, and W. H. Woodson and Mrs. Anna Hoseman, of Globe, was sold last week for 70,000, ten per cent cash and balance in one year. There was also a stipulation made to the effect that the purchasers could take up the bond within thirty days by the payment of 60,000 cash.—Florence Tribune.

Geo. Emmett, of Kelvin, was here Saturday, having oil claims recorded. He had notices recorded covering over 1900 acres, and among the locators are about two-thirds of the adult masculine population of Florence. In less than a year there will be a whole brigade of "Coal Oil Johnnies," in this neck of woods, or we will miss our guess. George was the pioneer oil prospector of the Kelvin region, and if he does not become an oil baron of the first magnitude, there is nothing in the old saying that the "early bird catches the worm."—Arizona Blade.

Jones & Downes, one of the most prominent business firms of Silver City, has struck it rich in the Burro mountains. The ore they have so far taken out assays from 25 to 75 per cent copper. They are of the opinion that this prospect will make one of the best showings of any yet struck in that district, and from indications, and at the rate the vein is widening the prospect should turn out to be the best copper producing property that has been discovered in the Burros. They will commence shipments to the Silver City reduction works this week.—Copper Era.

A private telegram from Bisbee says the entire works of the Copper Queen are closed down, but fails to state for what cause. It has long been known that the water supply of the camp was inadequate to the demand, and it might be possible that the smelter would have to close down during this dry season. However, a reporter of the Citizen met Mr. Worthen this evening, of the firm of Gardiner, Worthen & Goss Co., who stated that General Manager Douglas passed through Tucson yesterday and left an order with that firm for six boiler makers. This does not look as though the entire works had closed down.—Tucson Citizen.

C. F. Riblett, of Cleveland, O., arrived in this section a short time ago to look over the mineral field. He has found something which suited him, as he has purchased and paid cash down for the Buckhorn group of mines, situated five miles this side of Congress, and has put a force of men to work developing the property, and is also sinking for water. The pay ore body in this group is eight feet in width and the lowest average assay is said to be 418 per ton in gold. Some of the ore carries as high as 700 per ton in gold. A party of Ohio capitalists will be here in a few days to look at the property.—Courier.

Saturday last, W. S. Comer received from Geo. W. Wood 15,000 final payment on the Golden Fleece, Nos. 1, 2

and 4, quartz claims, on Lynx creek, near Prescott. The Golden Fleece No. 3 was previously purchased from Mr. Comer by Mr. Collins. The ore body on the group purchased by Mr. Wood is 50 feet wide; the pay streak is eight feet wide. The ore is free milling and carries 10.80 per ton gold. Mr. Comer has several other groups of promising quartz claims in this section. He is one of the most successful prospectors and miners in the west. He discovered the famous Lambert mine, near Clear Creek, Colo., which was later on sold for one and a half million dollars.—Courier.

A Salt Lake dispatch says the Silver Key and Keystone group of mines at Park City, have been practically sold to a local investor for 100,000. The property consists of all patented claims on the Crescent Hill zone overlooking Park City. The Apex and Crescent mines adjoin it on the north, the Jupiter on the east and the Comstock and California adjoin it on the west, while the Silver King lies to the east. Considerable high grade silver and lead ore, with good gold values, have been produced from the territory. Two tunnels have been driven into the ground, one 120 and one 70 feet in length. The large vein is about 40 feet between walls, and carries a large volume of milling ore, similar in character to that in the Silver King.

A representative of the Era visited the Standard mines this week, and was greatly surprised at what he saw. He had heard nothing but the most flattering reports from the property for some time, but did not expect to find such large bodies of rich ore. In one tunnel about twenty feet of good pay ore has been cut through besides a vein of copper glance from 12 to 18 inches in width, which will average from 40 to 50 per cent. Other large bodies of ore have also been struck in the other works, and for the amount of labor performed Standard is now showing more ore than any other property in the district. The claims are all paid for and the company is out of debt. Considerable Standard stock changed hands in Clifton last week at advanced figures. Since the recent big strikes in the property there is a strong demand for the stock.—Copper Era.

The Homestake mine has now 90 stamps at work with a crushing capacity of 3,500 tons per day. The average daily output is about 14,000, and since 1877 the mine has produced 65,000,000. The Homestake is a consolidation of the old Homestake, the Highland, Deadwood, Tena, Caledonia and Father De Smet. The total dividends paid by the consolidated companies is about 14,000,000. Since starting the old Homestake has levied assessments of only 250,000 and has paid dividends annually ever since, amounting to 9,000,000, before the consolidation. The only mine that can rival the achievements of the Homestake, from a financial standpoint, is the Mount Morgan, in Queensland, Australia. In the latter case, however the ore was phenomenally rich, running better than five ounces in gold for years; whereas last year the Homestake ore only milled 4.318 per ton, or one-fifth of an ounce of gold.—Denver Record.

According to the statement of R. H. Greer, of the Yucca mine, north of Barstow, who arrived in Redlands yesterday, one young lady in camp there is destined to come into possession of an independent fortune through her own indomitable pluck and enterprise. Her name is Miss Short and she is only 16 years of age. She resides alone and commands the respect of everyone there. Miss Short is working the sand and dirt from a desert claim with a dry washer and succeeds in getting from 68 to 78 worth of gold dust every day. She uses the washer as effectively as her male companions, who are also engaged in the same profitable occupation there. Mr. Greer brought with him from the Yucca mine a bottle containing seven ounces of gold dust, worth 125. He states that a man working a claim adjoining him recently took 725 worth of the "yellow

stuff" to the Los Angeles market. Over 1800 acres in claims have been lately taken up and are now being worked. The chief trouble experienced is the lack of water, which is to be had only at a distance of four miles. The district is about sixteen miles north and west of Barstow and is attracting considerable attention.—Los Angeles Herald.

A movement is on foot among some capitalists at Bakersfield and Los Angeles to mine the immense salt beds in the southern part of Death valley. D. J. Cook of Bakersfield is at present in Death valley looking the ground over to determine as near as possible the amount of salt available and the quality of the salt. Some years ago a large quantity of salt was taken from the Death valley beds. In those days the United States held the title to the land, but recently a law was enacted whereby the salt land could be located the same as oil and mineral lands. Immediately after the passage of this law some wideawake oil magnates of Bakersfield located the land and the location notices are at present on file in the county recorder's office. The people who now have control of the land intend to construct a narrow-gauge railroad seventeen miles long, extending from the salt beds to the main line tracks of the Santa Fe company. When this road is completed work on the development of the salt mines will be carried on with all possible expediency. Back of the enterprise there is a large amount of capital, and besides this the men that are in the scheme are practical miners and business men. When the salt mines were operated before great difficulty was experienced in bringing the salt to the market. Traction engines were used to haul the compound from the mines to the railroad. This means of transportation cost 58 a ton, and even then good money was made from the sale of the salt. By having a private railroad it will be possible to place the salt in the market at less than a dollar a ton. Salt is said to exist in large quantities in the southern part of Death valley. Some time ago a shaft was sunk to a depth of thirty five feet and a ledge of pure rock salt was encountered.—San Francisco Post.

A News representative visited the property of the Monarch Gold and Copper Mining Company during the past week, and was much surprised at the progress being made there in the way of developing and ore blocking. In the Eclipse, Orissa, Gold Jem and El Capitan claims Superintendent Wom bathers has enough ore blocked out to keep the mill pounding steadily for months to come, in fact which places the mines of the Monarch Gold and Copper company in the dividend paying class from the day work was started on them by the present company. The principal work at present is being done on the Eclipse and the amount of high grade ore being exposed in this claim is a great surprise to even the miners who have known the property for years, and who have always held the opinion that the property, with proper development, would prove one of the greatest gold mines in the southwest, and development is proving that the opinion of the practical miner can be relied upon to a great extent, even though he cannot see under ground. In the Eclipse free milling ore is being exposed in every shaft, tunnel, drift and stope. There are tons of ore on the dump, tons of ore in sacks piled in the incline, and tons of it in the lower level ready to be taken to the mill, and there are tons of ore standing in the stopes ready to be taken down. This property is going to be a record breaker ere many months pass. The most interesting piece of work at the mine during the past week was the further development of the spring, which proved very satisfactory, more than doubling the supply of water and settling the water question for all time. A drift was run in on the ledge from which the water comes, and from the face of the drift the water spouts out in several places, and all the tanks at the mill are full to overflowing at all times now. The music of pounding

stamps makes this camp an interesting one to visit, and the piles of rich ore to be seen everywhere gives a tone of prosperity to the property which must be very gratifying to the owners. Development will make this mine a great producer.—News.

## Mining Definitions.

We quote some definitions by a humorous individual and which appeared in the Baker City (Ore.) Herald:

A prospector—A man who has a hole in the ground and is the biggest liar in town.

A proposition man—One who wears laced boots and corduroy clothes and never pays his board bill.

A mining expert—A man who can talk about formations, ramification, stratification, dykes, zones, dips, spurs, angles, telegites, oozites, sedemite and all the ites and; can see a mile into mother earth and invariably condemns the country.

An expert miner—A fellows who loafs around town looking for a job as superintendent of a property, but would be foreman if he can't be superintendent; one who has worked in the Comstock in '70 and has been idle ever since.

A "49er"—A man who came to the coast in the "fall of '49 or the spring of '50" and knows where there are diggings that will pay 50c to the pan and is going back there just as soon as spring comes.

A mining reporter—A man who wants you to subscribe for the paper, wants to write up your property, and wants you to take him out in the best buggy in town, smoke your best cigars and borrow 58.

A mining promoter—A man who has unlimited capital behind him, but none in front of him, and has his watch in soak.

A tenderfoot—A "Willie boy" just from the East. Carries a small arsenal with him, goes out prospecting with a shotgun and fishing rod, buys a salted claim and gets money from mother to come home on in the fall.

An amalgamator—A man who wears long finger nails, draws 58 a shift and deposits 108 in the bank every day, if the ore is low grade, the more in proportion.

A local man of note—One who has been on the eve of starting for South Africa, or some other far-off region for seven years, to take charge of the construction of a 100 stamp mill for a London syndicate, a man who has been positively known to construct a saw mill.

An assayer—A man who charges you 1.508 for throwing your samples out of the back door and writing a certificate.

A mining engineer—One who makes funny figures on blazed stamps and charges a big price.

A knocker—One who wants a divy from eve y mining sale, and failing to get it, tries to stop the sale; one who thinks his opinion should always be consulted, but always tells you to look out, for "it's too uncertain," or "it's a fake." He is always a detriment and a disgrace to any community.

## Invest in Good Mine.

It is undeniable that most influential business men of the world have turned their attention to mining, the source of nearly all wealth; for persons who have been enslaved to the idea that the only safe proposition was a five per cent. or six per cent. security, now realize that many millions of interest have been lost to them through heeding the advice of those interested in cheap money, and that among the banking institutions of the West eighteen and twenty per cent. per annum is not considered a hazardous western profit or excessive dividend on the great majority of our gilt-edged mining securities, and, further, the richest men in the world are mining kings, many of whom have grown powerful through the proper application of originally a moderate capital, and it is proven that while millions of dollars have been lost in railroads, farm mortgages, eastern industrials and building associations, the American mining in-

dustry steadily advances, making enormous profits for its supporters, building great states and cities, and points with pride to the American possession of 253 mines that have paid in dividends over 625,000,000.

In mining investments extremely large amounts are not necessary to make one successful, for the man of moderate means, properly advised, has opportunities of quickly doubling his capital. Under incorporation great achievement are made possible through combining limited sums of thousands, thus equaling the capital of the individual millionaire, making possible gigantic undertakings that are productive of enormous revenue. The dollar of the man of moderate means is equally as powerful as the dollar of the money king. Both serve their purpose; both are entitled to their proportionate profits.

In legitimate mining a twenty-five per cent. dividend is not considered startling, and the mining interests of the west are willing to pay that interest for the use of money, for, by the aid of capital, they open up tremendous ore bodies that lead to still greater fortune. The employment of 10,0008 in mining is the equivalent of 40,0008 in most any other branch of industry.

For years the wonderful profits of the metal industries have been whispered among investors, who apparently were afraid to let their neighbors know they were identified in mining, but the recent efforts of the financial czars of the world in forming combinations to control, first the markets of the miner through the "smelting trust," and then the mines through the "Amalgamated Copper Trust," have opened the eyes of the conservative and modern investor, and they are making efforts to obtain their share of the metallic wealth which nature has spread so lavishly.

Nature has laid her treasures in the mountain recesses of the west. The American miner searches them out. Eastern money makes possible their conversion into bullion, and the joint results of the miner and the capitalists make possible the tremendous profits that signalize successful mining.—New York Herald.

## The Same Old Story.

J. A. Kelly relates an experience similar to that which has happened in almost every neighborhood in the United States and has been told and re-told by thousands of others. He says: "Last summer I had an attack of dysentery and purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used according to directions and with entirely satisfactory results. The trouble was controlled much quicker than former attacks when I used o'her remedies." Mr. Kelly is a well known citizen of Henderson, N. C. For sale by H. H. Watkins.

## Notice for Posting of Application of Letters of Administration.

In the Probate Court of the County of Mohave, Territory of Arizona.

In the matter of the Estate of J. B. Pfeifer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that A. H. Smith has filed with the Clerk of this Court a petition, praying for Letters of Administration in the estate of J. B. Pfeifer, deceased, and that Saturday, the 27th day of July, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the court room of said court, at Kingman, in said Mohave county, has been set for hearing said petition, when and where all persons interested may appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted.

J. A. LOGAN, Clerk.

Dated July 9th, 1901.

First publication July 13.

## Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Soren Munk, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Soren Munk, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator at office of J. M. Holmes, administrator, in the town of Chloride, Arizona, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said county of Mohave.

J. H. HOLMES.

Administrator of the estate of Soren Munk, deceased.

Dated this 15th day of June, 1901.

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